



KUZEY
AKADEMİ
YAYINLARI



Kazandıran

DENEME SINAVI

YDS



AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu soru kitapçığındaki test 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır.
2. Bu test için verilen cevaplama süresi 150 dakikadır (2.5 saat).
3. Bu kitapçığındaki testte yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır.
4. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde, silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.
5. Bu sınavın değerlendirilmesi doğru cevap sayısı üzerinden yapılacak, yanlış cevaplar dikkate alınmayacaktır.
6. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
7. Sınavda uyulacak diğer kurallar bu kitapçığın arka kapağında belirtilmiştir.

Sınavın Değerlendirilmesi:

Sınavda verilen doğru cevaplar 1.25 katsayısı ile çarpılacak ve adayın aldığı puan hesaplanacaktır. Alınan puana göre seviye şöyle belirlenecektir:

Alınan Puan	Dil seviyesi
50 – 60	E
60 – 70	D
70 – 80	C
80 – 90	B
90 – 100	A

Tüm adaylara başarılar dileriz

1. Bu testte 80 soru vardır.

2. Cevaplarınızı, cevap kâğıdının YDS DENEME TESTİ için ayrılan kısmına işaretleyiniz.

1.- 6. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

4. Elected in 1960 as the 35th president of the United States, 43-year-old John F. Kennedy became the youngest man and the first Roman Catholic to _____ that office.

1. WHO carries out its work with the support and _____ of many partners, including UN agencies and other international organizations, donors, civil society and the private sector.

- A) detainment B) collaboration
C) approval D) toleration
E) insurance

- A) invade B) annoy
C) hold D) compel
E) ravage

2. Geothermal energy, compared to other sources of energy, does not involve the burning of fossil fuels and therefore makes a _____ contribution to global warming.

- A) negligible B) immense
C) drastic D) noteworthy
E) versatile

3. When the crew captain realized that the ship was making water, all the passengers were asked to leave the ship _____ without caring about their belongings.

- A) viciously B) mistakenly
C) respectfully D) miserly
E) hastily

5. The latest qualifying matches for the FIFA Women's World Cup Canada 2015 _____ across Europe this week with an exciting blend of closely fought duels and clear victories.

- A) added up to B) broke into
C) checked out D) took place
E) passed up

6. The Russian Police blew up the plane with the hijackers and the hostages in it to show the world that they would never _____ to the terrorism.

- A) give in B) drop off
C) call on D) count on
E) get along



7.- 16. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

7. In Germany, the construction work on the reactor, which _____ to generate electricity both for domestic use and for sale to Belgium and the Netherlands, _____ once more in 1971.

- A) intended / had been postponed
- B) had been intended / was postponed
- C) was intended / postponed
- D) is intended / will be postponed
- E) intends / postpones

8. By the early part of the 20th century, it _____ that by using an iron catalyst, hydrogen and nitrogen _____ to chemical reaction at 400 °C and at more than 100 atmospheres of pressure to create ammonia.

- A) is discovered / could expose
- B) was discovered / must be exposed
- C) had been discovered / could be exposed
- D) discovered / could have been exposed
- E) has been discovered / might have been exposed

9. _____ for giving too many unnecessary details of the characters in his former book, the famous author now _____ on the events, much more than people.

- A) Having been criticized / focuses
- B) Having criticized / focused
- C) Criticizing / will focus
- D) Being criticized / had focused
- E) To have been criticized / has focused

10. The Members of the Parliament made an objection _____ the new railway system proposal when they learnt it would cost _____ \$ 2 billion.

- A) with / by
- B) form / under
- C) of / in
- D) through / at
- E) to / over

11. What the participants of the meeting discussed _____ the night was why they were _____ the schedule to set up a new factory in Romania.

- A) over / on
- B) through / behind
- C) in / to
- D) until / up
- E) by / for

12. _____ demand is increasing, it will still take the industry some time to recover from 2013's downturn.

- A) Because
- B) Despite
- C) Whenever
- D) Even if
- E) Providing that

13. _____ the Government is giving tax relief on private health insurance; people are more willing to have one.

- A) Even though
- B) As if
- C) Now that
- D) On the contrary
- E) Whereas

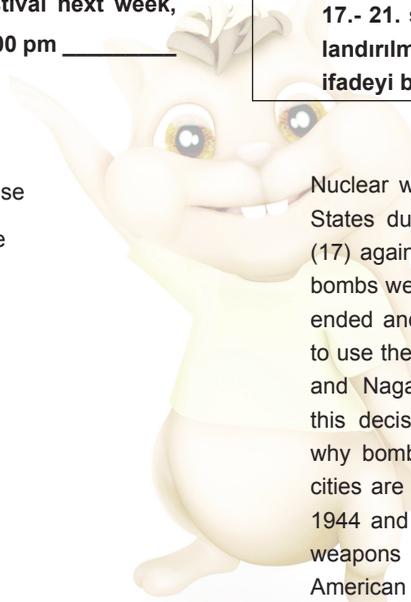




14. During the International Film Festival next week, all the events will commence at 8:00 pm _____ otherwise stated.

- A) unless
B) in case
C) before
D) since
E) therefore

17.- 21. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralandırılmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.



Nuclear weapons were first developed in the United States during the Second World War _____ (17) against Germany. However, by the time the first bombs were ready for use, the war with Germany had ended and, _____ (18), the decision was made to use the weapons against Japan instead. Hiroshima and Nagasaki have suffered the consequences of this decision to the present day. The real reasons why bombs were dropped on two heavily-populated cities are not altogether clear. A number of people in 1944 and early 1945 argued that the use of nuclear weapons would be unnecessary _____ (19) American Intelligence was aware that some of the most powerful and influential people in Japan had already realized that the war was lost, and wanted to negotiate a Japanese surrender. It was also argued that, since Japan has few natural resources, a blockade by the American navy would force it to surrender within a few weeks, and the use of nuclear weapons would thus prove unnecessary. If a demonstration of force was required to end the war, a bomb could be dropped over an unpopulated area like a desert, in front of Japanese observers, or over an area of low population inside Japan, _____ (20) a forest. Opting for this course of action might minimize the loss of further lives on all sides, while the power of nuclear weapons would still be adequately _____ (21).

15. _____ countries _____ Germany, France and the Netherlands have always opposed Turkey's plans to be a European Union member.

- A) Whether / or
B) Such / as
C) So / that
D) Both / and
E) Neither / nor

Kuzey Akademi

16. _____ listening to historical stories and talking about historical stories, young children should also be encouraged to re-tell stories in their own words to enlarge their expression capability.

- A) Given that
B) In spite of
C) In the event that
D) According to
E) As well as

17. A) to use
B) using
C) to have used
D) to be used
E) use

18. A) although
B) similarly
C) as a result
D) otherwise
E) moreover





19. A) even though
B) since
C) furthermore
D) whereas
E) conversely

20. A) such as
B) so that
C) for
D) but
E) otherwise

21. A) ignored
B) simplified
C) demonstrated
D) implied
E) lessened

22.- 26. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralandırılmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Global warming could _____ (22) drought and possibly famine in China, the source of much of Hong Kong's food, by 2050, a new report predicts. Hong Kong could also be at risk from _____ (23) as sea levels rose. The report recommends building sea-walls around low-lying areas such as the new port and airport reclamations. Published by the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF), the report, which includes work by members of the Chinese Academy of Meteorological Sciences, uses the most recent projections on climate change _____ (24) to a gloomy outlook for China. By 2050 about 30 to 40 per cent of the country will experience changes in the type of vegetation it supports, with tropical and sub-tropical forest conditions shifting northward and hot desert conditions rising in the west where currently the desert is temperate. Crop-growing areas will expand but any benefit is expected to be negated by increased evaporation of moisture, making it too dry to grow crops such as rice. The growing season also is expected to _____ (25), becoming shorter in southern and central China, the mainland's breadbasket. The rapid changes make it unlikely that plants _____ (26).

22. A) call off
B) make up
C) get rid of
D) run out of
E) bring about

23. A) famine
B) flooding
C) rainfall
D) hurricanes
E) thunders

24. A) to be pointed
B) pointing
C) having pointed
D) to point
E) being pointed

25. A) hold
B) keep
C) alter
D) catch
E) fix

26. A) could adapt
B) had to adapt
C) should have adapted
D) must adapt
E) used to adapt



27.- 36. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

30. The Red Cross has declared that they are ready to send food allowance to Afghanistan _____.

27. Whereas some countries in the world make use of technology at the top level, _____.

- A) we still need to make some assumption to see the real effects of internet usage
- B) the use of technology in daily life has risen unexpectedly since the invention of the computer
- C) the real results of this use were the main agenda of the meeting of the technology experts last week
- D) others still use the conventional methods to manage daily life routines
- E) technologic revolution seems to have started with the electric batteries

- A) on the condition that it will be distributed among the civilians only
- B) if the Afghan Government had signed the pact
- C) because they know that Afghans need more weapons to defense their country
- D) although perishable foodstuff needs warmer climates to endure
- E) so that Afghans could vaccinate the ailing children against malaria

28. In order to avoid repeating himself in his books, _____.

- A) the author is now trying to learn a second language to translate his books by himself
- B) the author uses a different time and different heroes in his each book
- C) no publishing house wants to publish his books anymore
- D) the places are intentionally chosen to be the same in all his books
- E) it cannot be expected from an author to write on every subjects in the world

29. Thanks to the efforts of the gifted astronomers throughout the world, _____.

- A) we still need improvement in observational devices to explore the space better
- B) these astronomers unfortunately are not paid as much as they really deserve
- C) NASA is planning to send two probes to Mars to learn more about its atmosphere
- D) the Hubble Telescope must be strengthened by installing two more lenses
- E) we know much more about the space than we did even five years ago

31. _____ will the company be permitted to go on its economic activities.

- A) When all the tax percentages are set
- B) Before the company opens two branches in Europe
- C) Only after they make all the overdue payment to the tax office
- D) No matter how difficult the economic problems are to deal with
- E) Even though others will be closed for some more time

32. The more parents understand the details of the program content and methods of assessment, _____.

- A) the more likely they are to act in partnership with teachers to foster pupil motivation and hard work
- B) they will help the teachers to get better results in their children's education
- C) the best ambiance to motivate pupils in the classroom will exist
- D) the achievement of the program depends on this much more than anything else
- E) the assessment of the program will require the cooperation of the parents

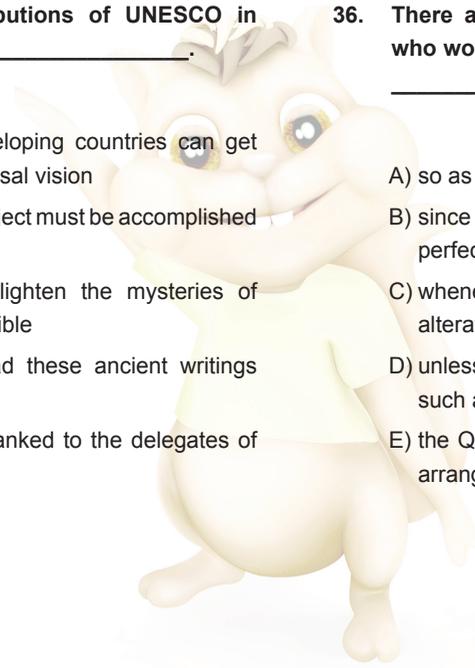


33. Without the great contributions of UNESCO in 2011, _____.

- A) the poor children in developing countries can get opportunity to get a universal vision
- B) the targets of the of the project must be accomplished at any price
- C) these excavations to enlighten the mysteries of Ancient Rome aren't possible
- D) we could never have had these ancient writings restored
- E) the Ministry of Culture thanked to the delegates of UNESCO

36. There are some deputies within the Labor Party who would wish to change the British constitution _____.

- A) so as to restrict the powers of the Prime Minister
- B) since they know that the current constitution is totally perfect
- C) whenever it was necessary to make such an alteration
- D) unless the Prime Minister had been ready to prohibit such a change
- E) the Queen, in other words, is ready to confirm this arrangement



34. Nuclear energy usually means the part of the energy of an atomic nucleus, _____.

- A) where it is used for generating electricity or nuclear weapons
- B) which can be released by fusion or fission or radioactive decay
- C) that most of us had better be aware of the dangers of it
- D) when they are released, a big energy comes out
- E) however, this energy was discovered in 1789 by Martin Klaproth

Kısey Akademi

37. -42. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi, Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

35. Thailand's government on Thursday rejected calls to postpone the upcoming February elections _____.

- A) soon became clear
- B) so that these elections are generally put off
- C) in case of a possible loss in the elections
- D) despite violent protests that have left a police officer dead and nearly 100 people injured
- E) for example, the other southeastern countries refused this decision

37. A very important world problem, if not the most serious of all the great world problems which affect us at the moment, is the increasing number of people who inhabit this planet.

- A) Bu gezegende yaşayan insanların sayısındaki artış, bizi şu anda etkileyen çok önemli bir dünya sorunu, hatta en ciddi dünya sorunudur.
- B) Çok ciddi bir dünya sorunu, şu anda hepimizi etkileyen dünya sorunlarından en ciddi olanı olmasa da, bu gezegende yaşayan insanların sayısındaki artıştır.
- C) Bizi şu anda etkileyen en büyük dünya sorunlarının en ciddi değilse de çok önemli bir tanesi bu gezegende ikamet eden insanların sayısındaki artıştır.
- D) Bu gezegende ikamet eden insanların sayısındaki ciddi artış, hepimizi etkileyen en büyük dünya sorunlarından biri, hatta çok önemli bir tanesini oluşturmaktadır.
- E) Çok ciddi bir dünya sorunu, en ciddi dünya sorunu değilse de bu gezegende yaşayan insan sayısındaki artıştır ve şu anda bizi etkilemektedir.



38. The expansion of sport mega-events, including the Olympic Games and World Cup Football Tournaments, into globalized media spectacles has dramatically increased their economic significance.

- A) Dev spor olaylarının yaygınlaşması, Olimpiyat Oyunları ve Dünya Kupası Futbol Turnuvaları dahil, onların ekonomik önemini küresel yayınlarla görüntülenmelerini sağlayacak kadar arttırmıştır.
- B) Olimpiyat Oyunları ve Dünya Kupası Futbol Turnuvaları dahil dev spor olaylarının küresel yayında görüntülenmelerinin yaygınlaşması, izleyicilerin verdiği önemin dramatik olarak artmasına sebep olmuştur.
- C) Olimpiyat Oyunları ve Dünya Kupası Futbol Turnuvaları gibi dev spor olaylarının küresel yayında görüntülenmelerinin yaygınlaşması insanların televizyon karşısında dramatik anlar yaşamalarına yol açmıştır.
- D) Dev spor olaylarının yaygınlaşması ile, Olimpiyat Oyunları ve Dünya Kupası Futbol Turnuvaları dahil dev spor olaylarının küresel yayında görüntülenmelerini ekonomik bir zorunluluk haline gelmiştir.
- E) Olimpiyat Oyunları ve Dünya Kupası Futbol Turnuvaları dahil dev spor olaylarının küresel yayında görüntülenmelerinin yaygınlaşması, onların ekonomik önemlerini büyük ölçüde arttırmıştır.

39. People who are used to having responsible jobs at home or in the office and who are known to be good managers and organizers cannot understand why suddenly the simplest task seems to be beyond them, and this makes them feel out of control.

- A) Evde veya işyerinde sorumluluk gerektiren işleri almaya alışkın insanlar, en basit görevlerin neden birden onları aşar göründüğünü anlayamadıkları ve kontrolü elden kaçırdıkları için iyi bir yönetici ve planlamacı olamazlar.
- B) Evde veya işyerinde sorumluluk gerektiren işleri almaya alışkın ve iyi yönetici ve planlamacı olarak bilinen insanlar, en basit görevlerin neden birden onları aşar göründüğünü anlayamazlar ve bu onlara kontrolü kaçırdıklarını hissettirir.
- C) En basit görevlerin neden birden onları aşar göründüğünü anlayamayan ve kontrolü kaçırdıklarını hisseden insanlar, evde veya işyerinde sorumluluk gerektiren işleri almaya alışkın değildir ve iyi yönetici ve planlamacı olamazlar.
- D) Kontrolü kaybettiğini düşünüp en basit görevlerin bile kendilerini aştığını düşünen iyi yönetici ve planlamacılar bile evde veya işyerinde sorumluluk gerektiren işleri almaya alışkın insanlar olmadıklarını anlayamazlar.
- E) Evde veya işyerinde sorumluluk gerektiren işleri almaya alışkın ve iyi yönetici ve planlamacı olarak bilinen insanlar, en basit görevlerin neden birden onları aşar göründüğünü ve kontrolü neden elden kaçırdıklarını anlayamazlar.

40. Hem "ırk" kavramının anlamı hakkında yok denecek kadar az görüş birliği olduğu için, hem de neyin ayrımcılık oluşturup neyin oluşturmadığı konusunda büyük görüş farkı olduğu için, ırkçılığın tam tanımı çelişkilidir.

- A) The exact definition of racism is controversial both because there is little agreement about the meaning of the concept "race", and because there is a big disagreement about what does and does not constitute discrimination.
- B) Both because the exact definition of racism is controversial and because there is a big disagreement about what does and does not constitute discrimination, there is little agreement about the meaning of the concept "race".
- C) Because there is little agreement about the meaning of the concept "race", both there is a big disagreement about what does and does not constitute discrimination and the exact definition of racism is controversial.
- D) Both because there is little agreement about the meaning of the concept "race", and because there is a big disagreement about what does and does not constitute discrimination, the exact definition of the concept "race" remains unclear.
- E) The exact definition of racism is controversial both because there is a big agreement about the meaning of the concept "race", and because there is little disagreement about what does and does not constitute discrimination.

41. Bu konudaki araştırma karmaşık sonuçlara yol açmış olsa da, organik beslenme yiyecekler üzerindeki ilaç kalıntılarından kaçınmak ve hatta daha besleyici çeşitleri yemek anlamına gelir.

- A) Even if research into that subject has yielded mixed results, eating organic means avoiding the pesticide residue left on foods, eating more nutritious varieties.
- B) Eating organic means avoiding the pesticide residue left on foods, and it may even mean eating more nutritious varieties, still research into that subject has yielded mixed results.
- C) Eating more nutritious varieties and eating organic means avoiding the pesticide residue left on foods even so research into that subject has yielded mixed results.
- D) Eating organic means avoiding the pesticide residue left on foods, and it may even mean eating more nutritious varieties, though research into that subject has yielded mixed results.
- E) Eating organic means avoiding the pesticide residue left on foods, though research into that subject has yielded mixed results, and may even mean eating more nutritious varieties.



42. Televizyon izlemek, çocuğunuzun hayatının ilk iki yılı boyunca oyun, keşif ve konuşma yoluyla gelişen dil, yaratıcılık ve sosyal beceri gibi önemli yetenekleri geliştirmek için ihtiyacı olan zamanı alır götürür.

- A) Television viewing takes away the time that your child needs to develop important skills like language, creativity, and social skills, so hinders the development in the kids' first two years through play, exploration, and conversation.
- B) Television viewing and developing important skills like language, creativity, and social skills which are developed in the kids' first two years through play, exploration, and conversation takes time.
- C) Television viewing takes away the time that your child needs to develop important skills like language, creativity, and social skills which are developed in the kids' first two years through play, exploration, and conversation.
- D) Your child needs to develop important skills like language, creativity, and social skills which television viewing takes away, so the first two years of life lacks play, exploration, and conversation.
- E) Social skills which are developed in the kids' first two years through play, exploration, and conversation, that your child needs to develop important skills like language, creativity are taken away by television viewing.

43. -46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Influenza virus infection is a worldwide public health burden because of the significant morbidity and mortality that result from seasonal outbreaks and devastating epidemics. Despite extensive research and therapeutic measures to combat influenza virus infections, the genetic and environmental factors that impact influenza virus-induced disease susceptibility remain poorly defined. Here we report the current state of knowledge regarding the host and environmental factors that impact influenza virus susceptibility. Mouse models of influenza virus infection have led to the identification of several candidate susceptibility genes, although many of these genes have not been verified in human cohort studies. Moreover, some studies have demonstrated that preexisting conditions correlate with enhanced influenza virus-associated morbidity and mortality, and chronic exposure to cigarette smoke and alcohol increases one's risk of infection. However, there remains a lack of human-based evidence to corroborate the in vitro and animal model studies that demonstrate a role for environmental factors in the risk of influenza virus infection. Further studies are needed, particularly large cohort studies involving geographically dispersed individuals, to clarify the genetic and environmental risk factors for influenza virus-induced disease susceptibility and lead to more effective treatment strategies for infections.

43. The writer of the passage states that -----

- A) the studies carried out up to now have given us enough knowledge to conquer the influenza virus.
- B) there is no correlation between the alcohol usage and influenza virus infection.
- C) influenza virus has caused one third of the total population of the world to suffer from the infection.
- D) genes do not play a significant role in the infection of influenza virus.
- E) we need more studies, especially on the groups of people to find ways to heal infected people.

44. According to the passage, in spite of many surveys -----

- A) we still know very little about the influenza virus and the other factors impact its susceptibility.
- B) on mice, no significant data has been acquainted yet.
- C) the exact definition of the influenza virus has been reported.
- D) the influenza virus has not caused any death among people who do not smoke.
- E) nothing has been discovered about the nature of the influenza virus.

45. The main point made in the passage is that -----

- A) influenza virus infections can completely be treated thanks to extensive research.
- B) smokers have a higher chance to suffer from influenza virus.
- C) to understand the nature and the treatment of influenza virus, we need more researches.
- D) influenza virus is so dangerous and epidemic that it kills many people around the world.
- E) some preexisting factors can affect the susceptibility of influenza virus.



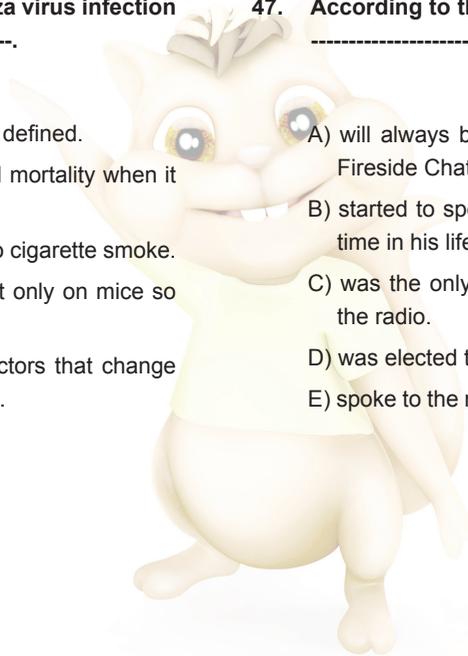


46. According to the passage, influenza virus infection is a global threat because -----.

- A) its susceptibility still remain poorly defined.
- B) it causes significant morbidity and mortality when it breaks out.
- C) people are everywhere exposed to cigarette smoke.
- D) researches have been carried out only on mice so far.
- E) there are many environmental factors that change the susceptibility of influenza virus.

47. According to the passage, Ronald Reagan -----

- A) will always be remembered for his success at the Fireside Chats.
- B) started to speak over the radio in 1982 for the first time in his life.
- C) was the only President to address the nation over the radio.
- D) was elected the President in 1981.
- E) spoke to the nation over the radio nine times in total.



47. -50. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

When U.S. President Ronald Reagan left office in 1989, he enjoyed a reputation as one of the most rhetorically dynamic Presidents of the twentieth century. His remarkable speaking ability was not surprising because, before his transition into politics, most people remembered his career as a Hollywood movie star. By the time of his 1981 inauguration, his half century of public speaking allowed him to captivate audiences around the globe just like he did as an actor.

In 1982, Reagan began a series of Saturday radio addresses. During these addresses, he would informally address the nation on current events. Not since Franklin D. Roosevelt's Fireside Chats had an incumbent President spoken to his constituents over the radio. Initially conceived for only nine talks, the addresses' popularity ensured that he would stay on the air for the rest of his Presidency. Like Roosevelt, Reagan was socially-inclusive in order to strengthen partisan identity against the media while gaining constituent groups through the use of humor and allusions.

Ronald Reagan's public speaking career began in 1932 at the age of 21. By this time, the recent Eureka College graduate was hired as a sports radio broadcaster. The following year, Franklin D. Roosevelt became President and began the Fireside Chats radio series. Each listener received the impression that Roosevelt was talking directly to him. Millions of Americans sat at their radios and agreed that they could practically feel him physically in the room.

48. It is stated in the passage that -----

- A) Roosevelt was far better at speaking over the radio than Reagan.
- B) Reagan was a successful spokesman because he studied public relations at the university.
- C) Reagan spoke to the people on the radio on current events in a comic manner sometimes.
- D) After his presidency, Reagan went on taking roles in Hollywood films.
- E) Reagan's speaking ability had nothing to do with his career as a movie star.

49. It is implied in the passage that -----

- A) the radio show of Reagan started to lose its listeners by the course of time.
- B) the audience of the radio speeches was listening to the shows because they had nothing else to do.
- C) Reagan's radio addresses appealed to more people and gained more constituent group than Roosevelt's.
- D) Reagan's fame as a movie star had always surpassed his political career.
- E) some specialties other than being successful at politics are necessary to be a good leader in people's eyes.





50. It is stated in the passage that both Roosevelt and Reagan -----

- A) were so successful at their addresses over the radio that they had habitual listeners.
- B) graduated from Eureka Collage.
- C) were former Hollywood stars, which made them good speakers.
- D) named their addresses over the radio "Fireside Chats".
- E) addressed to the audience nine times a month.

51. It is stated in the passage that -----

- A) King Henry I of England was the first man to create an accurate calendar.
- B) our Ice Age ancestors used a primitive kind of calendar.
- C) the calendar that the Sumerians used was a little bit different than that we use today.
- D) the calendar as we know it today based on the one that the Egyptians created.
- E) some early forms of calendars were discovered in the caves in the Tigris/Euphrates valley.

51. -54. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Standards have existed since the beginning of recorded history. Some were created by royal decree. For example, King Henry I of England standardized measurement in 1120 AD by instituting the ell, which was equivalent to the length of his arm.

Some standards were an outgrowth of man's desire to harmonize his activities with important changes in the environment. Others were created in response to the needs of an increasingly complex society. One of the earliest examples of standardization is the creation of a calendar. Ancient civilizations relied upon the apparent motion of the sun, moon and stars through the sky to determine the appropriate time to plant and harvest crops, to celebrate holidays and to record important events.

Over 20,000 years ago, our Ice Age ancestors in Europe made the first rudimentary attempts to keep track of days by scratching lines in caves and gouging holes in sticks and bones. Later, as civilizations developed agriculture and began to farm their lands, they needed more precise ways to predict seasonal changes.

The Sumerians in the Tigris/Euphrates valley devised a calendar very similar to the one we use today. 5,000 years ago, the Sumerian farmer used a calendar that divided the year into 30-day months. Each day was divided into 12 hours and each hour into 30 minutes.

The Egyptians were the first to develop the 365-day calendar and can be credited with logging 4236 BC as the first year in recorded history. They based the year's measurement on the rising of the "Dog Star" or Sirius every 365 days. This was an important event as it coincided with the annual inundation of the Nile, a yearly occurrence that enriched the soil used to plant the kingdom's crops.

52. According to the passage, it is possible to say -----

- A) King Henry I of England was the first man to standardize the measurements of length.
- B) it was very easy to create a calendar for the Sumerians because they were very good at astronomy.
- C) our Ice Age ancestors made us of calendars to decide when to crop fields.
- D) man's desires to standardization were responses to different necessitates.
- E) the calendar that we use today was created in 1120 AD.

53. According to the passage, the main determiner of the early calendars was -----.

- A) the sizes of the king's body parts.
- B) the celestial bodies, especially the sun, the moon, and some certain stars.
- C) holes in sticks and bones.
- D) the seasonal changes.
- E) the annual inundation of the Nile.



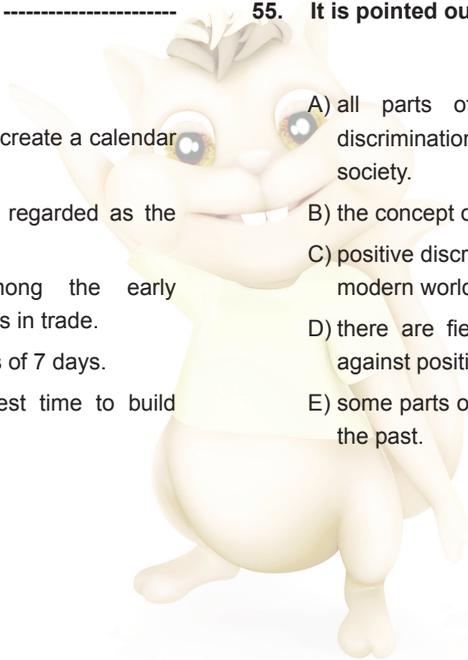


54. It is implied from the passage that -----

- A) the main purpose of the efforts to create a calendar was generally agricultural based.
- B) King Henry I of England can be regarded as the father of standardization.
- C) standardization differences among the early societies resulted in disagreements in trade.
- D) In Sumerian calendar, a week was of 7 days.
- E) the Egyptians discovered the best time to build pyramids thanks to the calendars.

55. It is pointed out in the passage that -----

- A) all parts of the society agree that positive discrimination will help solve the problems in the society.
- B) the concept of positive discrimination is very clear.
- C) positive discrimination has been implemented in the modern world just recently.
- D) there are fierce fights, especially in work places against positive discrimination.
- E) some parts of the society were prejudiced against it the past.



55. -58. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Positive discrimination is the process of giving preferential treatment, especially in employment, to minority groups of society that have been prejudiced against in the past. It should be noted that 'preferential treatment' does not mean that these individuals will automatically be preferred to another candidate, but rather should two candidates be deemed a similar level, the individual from the minority group will be preferred. For example, should two candidates who are equally matched in skills go for a job and one is from a minority group and one isn't, then positive discrimination will see that the former candidate will receive the job offer.

The concept of positive discrimination is a controversial one and something that usually causes heated debate. Those who advocate against positive discrimination point to the fact that discrimination of any kind is wholly wrong. They claim that while it is unfortunate that certain minority groups have been prejudiced against in the past, by implementing a system of positive discrimination the problem is not helped.

It is argued by those against positive discrimination that not only is it wholly unfair to favor somebody on the basis of their background, but also that the whole process leads to more division in society. The reasoning for this is that people who have failed to get jobs as a result of positive discrimination, or even those that haven't but assume they have, may resent certain parts of society that have been favored, and society as a whole suffers as a result.

56. According to the passage, those who are against the positive discrimination -----

- A) were prejudiced against in the past.
- B) want the minorities be ignored in the society.
- C) ask for more jobs than in the past.
- D) are against any kind of discrimination at all.
- E) prefer to be discriminated against the minority.

57. It is stated in the passage that according to the positive discrimination, -----

- A) when two people apply for a job, one from the minority group is preferred.
- B) all people are equal on the basis that they are human beings.
- C) all job opportunities must be distributed equally among the society.
- D) has given a lot of fruitful results so far.
- E) has failed to bridge the gap between the two classes of society.





58. It can be inferred from the passage that -----

- A) women are the main actresses of positive discrimination.
- B) positive discrimination took its shape with the industrial revolution in the 19th century.
- C) the debates over the positive discrimination has not been settled down yet.
- D) many people are unemployed and homeless because of the positive discrimination.
- E) positive discrimination has resulted in negative discrimination.

59. According to the passage, Nicola Tesla -----

- A) spent all his lifetime in the United States.
- B) was not only an electrical engineer.
- C) became very rich because of his works at electrical engineering.
- D) never had the opportunity to demonstrate his work.
- E) was credited as the greatest inventor of the 21st century.

60. We can infer from the passage that -----

- A) although he was a great scientist, not many people know about him nowadays.
- B) Nikola Tesla had to immigrate to the US to have a respect as a scientist.
- C) as many other scientists, Nicola Tesla committed himself to science and did not have a family.
- D) Nicola Tesla was ignored by people in the last years of his life.
- E) Nicola Tesla's work pioneered much of Einstein's researches in physics.

59. -62. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Nikola Tesla was one of the most brilliant inventors of history and was of an unusual intellectual vision. He is affectionately referred to as the "Father of Free Energy". Tesla was a world-renowned Serbian American inventor, physicist, mechanical engineer and electrical engineer, born in Smiljan, Austrian Empire, at present Croatia. Tesla is regarded as one of the most important inventors in history. He is also well known for his contributions to the discipline of electricity and magnetism in the late 19th and early 20th century. His patents and theoretical work form the basis of modern alternating current electric power (AC) systems, including the poly-phase power distribution systems and the AC motor, with which he helped usher in the Second Industrial Revolution.

In the United States, Tesla's fame rivaled that of any other inventor or scientist in history or popular culture. After his demonstration of wireless communication in 1893 and after being the victor in the "War of Currents", he was widely respected as America's greatest electrical engineer. Much of his early work pioneered modern electrical engineering and many of his discoveries were of groundbreaking importance. In 1947, the United States Supreme Court credited him as being the inventor of the radio. Never putting much focus on his finances, Tesla died impoverished and forgotten at the age of 86.

61. It is stated in the passage that -----

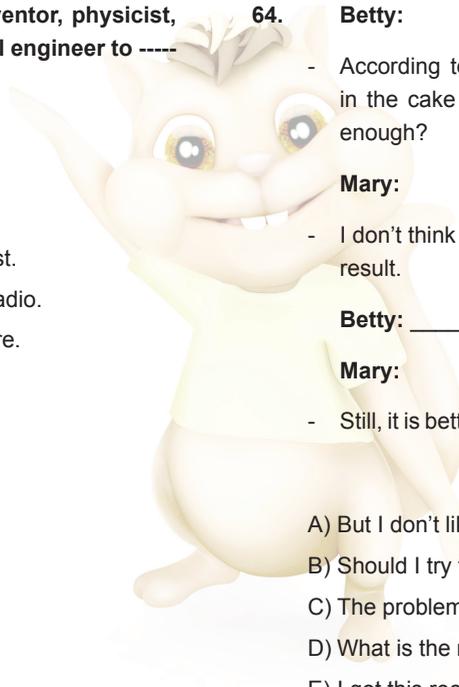
- A) Tesla was such a gifted scientist that his contemporary scientists were jealous of him.
- B) Tesla's greatest regret was focusing on physics instead of mechanics.
- C) the United States Supreme Court credited him as being the inventor of wireless communication.
- D) Tesla was the only scientist to work on the discipline of electricity and magnetism.
- E) the results of Tesla's efforts accelerated the Second Industrial Revolution.





62. The author describes Tesla as inventor, physicist, mechanical engineer and electrical engineer to -----

- A) express where he was born.
- B) point to his incredible wealth.
- C) indicate he was a versatile scientist.
- D) prove he was the inventor of the radio.
- E) show how important his works were.



64. Betty:

- According to the recipe, I need to put three eggs in the cake mixture. Do you think one egg will be enough?

Mary:

- I don't think it is a good idea. This might change the result.

Betty: _____

Mary:

- Still, it is better to follow the instructions in the recipe.

- A) But I don't like the smell of egg in my cake.
- B) Should I try to find another recipe?
- C) The problem is that there are no eggs at home.
- D) What is the role of the egg in the cake mixture?
- E) I got this recipe from a neighbor.

63. – 67. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

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63. Ann:

-You look very unhappy. What is wrong with you?

Betty:

-I am sick and tired of doing the same work every day.

Ann:

Betty:

-I think I will do so beginning from tomorrow.

- A) A doctor can help you get over this sickness.
- B) It is normal that routine can bother you sometimes.
- C) This is the common problem of every employee nowadays.
- D) Why don't you look for another job that you will like better?
- E) There is a conference on this subject tomorrow.

65. Brian:

- Have you heard the news about the new election system?

James:

Brian:

- We are not going to vote for the candidates anymore. The Prime Minister will choose the next Prime Minister.

James:

- You must be kidding!

- A) Yes. It seems illogical, doesn't it?
- B) I read it in the newspaper this morning.
- C) Why do they try to change it constantly?
- D) Election system? Haven't they changed it yet?
- E) No, what does it say?





66. **Tony:**

- Do you think history can change the future?

Henry:

- _____

Tony:

- What do you mean?

Henry:

- History, of course, cannot change the future directly, but the experience we get through the history can help us shape the future.

- A) It certainly does.
- B) Sort of.
- C) Not at all.
- D) As long as it is objective.
- E) I think the future can change the history.

67. **Jane:**

- How is my father, doctor?

The Doctor:

- _____

Jane:

- So, can we take him home?

The Doctor:

- It is still early. He had better be under detention a few more days.

- A) I am afraid he is getting worse.
- B) I need to see the test results before informing you.
- C) It is too early to say anything yet.
- D) He is getting better every day.
- E) He is ready to be discharged.

68. -71. sorularda verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

68. It is a common but wrong perception that trade charges are valid only if they directly and centrally involve action against a product identifiably from another country.

- A) The misconception is that when you directly and centrally import something to your country, you need to pay trade charges.
- B) To destroy the wrong perception that trade charges are valid, they decided to involve in importing the products from another company.
- C) Many people wrongfully agree that only if trade charges directly and centrally associate action against a product officially from another country are they valid.
- D) Providing that the trade charges are valid we the products can be imported from another country, so a common but wrong perception can be passed.
- E) The perception that trade charges are valid if you buy the products directly from a foreign country is common, but wrong.

69. The difference between hunger and malnutrition is that malnutrition means the body does not have the necessary vitamins and nutrients necessary to grow or fight off disease.

- A) Malnutrition means the body lacks the required vitamins and needed nutrients to grow or resist against sickness, which makes it different from hunger.
- B) When the body does not have the necessary vitamins and required nutrients to grow and resist against diseases, malnutrition starts and this leads to hunger.
- C) The difference between hunger and malnutrition is that malnutrition starts when the body doesn't have vitamins and hunger starts when it lacks necessary nutrients to grow or fight off disease.
- D) What makes the body grow or fight off the disease is not hunger, but malnutrition which means the body does not have the necessary vitamins and nutrients.
- E) Even if the body has necessary nutrients to grow or combat diseases, the malnutrition can still need necessary vitamins and eventually a different kind of hunger starts.





70. While people may gain celebrity status as a result of a successful career in a particular field, in other cases, people become celebrities due to media attention for their extravagant lifestyle or wealth.

- A) Having a successful career in a certain field is not enough to be a celebrity as you also need to get media attention for your extravagant lifestyle of money.
- B) Some people try to get celebrity status by the results of their career in a particular subject, but becoming a celebrity because of media attention for extravagant lifestyle or money seems to be easier.
- C) When some people have the media attention for extravagant life style and money, they do not need to be successful at a specific field to be regarded as a celebrity.
- D) As long as you have media attention for your extravagant lifestyle and money, your success career in a specific field results in gaining celebrity status.
- E) Whereas some people are considered as celebrities because of media attention for their extreme lifestyle of richness, some others can have this title as consequences of their successes in a certain field.

71. The success of the project depends upon our working to meet local concerns and needs to the point that the local population fully adopts the project as their own.

- A) No matter how the local population likes the project and we work to clarify local concerns, this project will never be an independent one.
- B) Although we have the support of the local population and worked to meet local concern, the failure of the project is inevitable.
- C) If the local population completely takes possession of the project and we work enough to relieve local concerns, then the project can be successful.
- D) We should either work to meet local concerns or fully adopt the project as our own as local population does in order to make this project successful.
- E) The success of the project depends on many other factors than meeting the local concerns and local population's adaptation to the project.

72. -75. Sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak üzere getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

72. A nightmare is a dream that can cause a strong emotional response from the mind, typically fear or horror, but also despair, anxiety and great sadness. The dream may contain situations of danger, discomfort, psychological or physical terror. Sufferers usually awaken in a state of distress and may be unable to return to sleep for a prolonged period of time. ----- Eating before going to sleep, which triggers an increase in the body's metabolism and brain activity, is a potential stimulus for nightmares.

- A) People usually dream at night as a part of life.
- B) In order to heal sleeping disorders, many researches have been carried out and highly satisfying results have been obtained.
- C) Nightmares have been the main subject of a lot of films, and some of these films have had a great success.
- D) Nightmares can have physical causes such as sleeping in an uncomfortable or awkward position, having a fever, or psychological causes such as stress, anxiety.
- E) Drinking warm milk before going to bed, or reading a modest book before going to sleep may reduce the complaints.

73. It is probably worth stating that the classification of any artist's music into a single genre is fairly arbitrary and can differ between record company, music retailer and national trade association. Categorizing music within a genre can often have multiple influencing factors, such as musical technique, style, context, target audience and geographical origin. ----- For example, media-management service Gracenote categorizes music into more than 1,600 individual genre categories. To confuse things even more, several studies have been published in recent years describing theoretical and scientific approaches to determining a music genre.

- A) In fact, it doesn't matter what genre of music you listen; the important things is whether you enjoy it or not.
- B) Moreover, many genres have subgenres that can overlap others.
- C) In prehistoric times too, people tried to express their emotions by using music.
- D) When you go to a music shop, you can easily ask them what genre of music is popular nowadays.
- E) Therefore, it is simple to determine the music genre according to the instruments used.





74. ----- For example, the earliest history of human dance is a continuing mystery. From the evidence of illustrated ceramic fragments, some archaeologists have speculated that dance originated some 5,000 to 9,000 years ago in early agricultural cultures located in a swath running from modern Pakistan to the Danube basin. Others, however, have expressed caution regarding the reconstruction of social behavior from such sources. Speculation aside, specific knowledge of prehistoric dances is lacking, and thus many experts have extrapolated dance history from the preserved ritual dances of various preliterate societies.

- A) Do you ever start dancing when you overhear a piece of music?
 B) Just as books or music, dance is also a way to express our feelings.
 C) When we take a look at the history of the dance, it is not surprising to see it dates back a long time.
 D) In every part of the world, there are many different types of dance and dance music.
 E) We, human beings, still do not know much about the history of the things with which we are familiar today.

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75. **Hobbies and interests are different for every one; this is human nature, which is given by God. The current generations people are very much interested in the latest trend which makes them happy and also help them make more money. ----- The children and teenagers start playing it whenever they have free time in their daily life. This makes them become a star in this game when they reach certain age in their life.**

- A) For example, the cricket is the most famous game in many countries.
 B) For instance, playing the guitar starts as a hobby but sometimes turns into a profession.
 C) We need to be careful when we try to find a suitable hobby for ourselves.
 D) Hobbies keep us busy and help us rest after a long working day.
 E) Psychologists suggest that having a hobby, especially for children can enrich the joy of life.

76. -80. sorularda cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I)The Solar System is the sun and the objects that orbit the sun. (II) These are a planetary system of eight planets and various secondary bodies: dwarf planets and other small objects that orbit the sun directly, as well as satellites, or moons that orbit many planets and smaller objects. (III) The Solar System formed 4.6 billion years ago from the gravitational collapse of a giant molecular cloud. (IV) The vast majority of the system's mass is in the sun, with most of the remaining mass contained in Jupiter. (V) The four smaller inner planets, Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars, also called the terrestrial planets, are primarily composed of rock and metal.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Napoleon Bonaparte's fame rose after an incredible series of victories over the Austrians and Italians with a much smaller force, and Napoleon was raised to hero status. (II) Adolf Hitler and Napoleon Bonaparte both rose to power during a time of a new European democratic republic and became dictators afterwards. (III) Both invaded the majority of Europe through a massive war or a series of wars, plus campaigns in North Africa. (IV) They attempted to invade Russia but failed, for Russian winter didn't help in both cases; seen as a turning point ultimately leading to their downfall. (V) Both were considered 'foreigners' to the nations they ruled over; Napoleon could have been Italian Corsican and Hitler was Austrian by origin.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V





78. (I) When microbes present in the food are irradiated, the energy from the radiation breaks the bonds in the DNA molecules, causing defects in the genetic instructions. (II) Unless this damage can be repaired, the organism will die or will be unable to reproduce. (III) It matters if the food is frozen or fresh, because it takes larger radiation dose to kill microbes in frozen foods. (IV) The effectiveness of the process depends also on the organism's sensitivity to irradiation, on the rate at which it can repair damaged DNA, and especially on the amount of DNA in the target organism. (V) The salting can also be used to corrupt the balance of the germs in the foodstuff.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



80. (I) "America's Got Talent" is the only talent competition show open to any age and any talent. (II) The auditions are a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity for performers across the country to showcase their talent in 90 seconds to the series' producers, in the hopes of being able to take the stage in front of the "AGT" judges. (III) Every type of performer is welcome: Last season's competitors included musicians, dancers, magicians, contortionists, comedians, singers, jugglers, animal acts and everything in between. (IV) Though it is not always possible to find talented people throughout the US, this kind of TV shows help us doing so. (V) Currently in its eighth season, "America's Got Talent" stars celebrity judges Howie Mandel, Mel B, Heidi Klum and Howard Stern.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Football Club Barcelona, also known as Barcelona is a professional football club, based in Barcelona, Catalonia, Spain. (II) Founded in 1899 by a group of Swiss, English and Catalan footballers led by Joan Gamper, the club has become a symbol of Catalan culture and Catalanism. (III) Catalonia is an autonomous community of Spain and The Catalan government has announced its intention to hold a referendum on possible independence from Spain in 2014. (IV) Unlike many other football clubs, the supporters own and operate Barcelona. (V) It is the world's second-richest football club in terms of revenue, with an annual turnover of \$613 million and the third most valuable sports team, worth \$2.6 billion.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

