

EEC TÜRKİYE GENELİ
YDS
DENEME SINAVI

2

1. - 6. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The ---- gap between the wealthiest and the middle and lower classes is unsustainable, and the situation is unlikely to improve any time soon.
- A) competitive B) sufficient
C) widening D) compulsory
E) inadequate
2. Because humans are intensely reliant on ocean ecosystems for food and other ecosystem services, we are ---- affected by the changes in these systems.
- A) respectively B) confidently
C) profoundly D) initially
E) artificially
3. Weight status has no ---- with alcohol or marijuana use but is linked to regular cigarette smoking.
- A) correlation B) extension
C) recovery D) abundance
E) dismissal
4. The Ivory Coast's government is politically unstable, which makes passing and ---- regulations difficult.
- A) compiling B) resisting
C) enforcing D) attributing
E) averting

5. Unless you're on a private tour, you have to---- the disturbing manners of the other members in your group.

A) add up to B) put up with
C) catch up with D) look down on
E) look forward to

6. Some companies have already----the traditional office model, opting for a more collaboration-based space.

A) stood for B) looked up to
C) worked out D) took up
E) done away with

7. - 16. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

7. Visitors to the castle ---- the opportunity to experience the grandeur of rooms ---- with scenic murals, ornate marble fireplaces, hand-blown glass chandeliers and gilded plaster ceilings.

A) will have / filled
B) had / were filled
C) have had/ fill
D) would have / have filled
E) would have had / had filled

8. The Center for Disease Control ---- that the number of heat-related deaths ---- from the annual rate of around 700 to between 3,000 and 5,000.

A) had predicted / climbing
B) predicted / would climb
C) predicts / has climbed
D) would predict / could have climbed
E) has predicted / climbs

9. A massive dose of venom ---- cardiac dysfunction, ---- in loss of consciousness and heart failure - and death within five minutes of being stung.

- A) caused / resulted
- B) can cause / resulting
- C) has caused / to result
- D) will cause / may result
- E) causes / resulted

10. The strain of a growing world population, coupled ---- the effects of pollution and climate change, has taxed many of the water systems that feed the world's people and are vital ---- agriculture.

- A) to / in
- B) beyond / into
- C) with / for
- D) as / upon
- E) via / without

11. The Chernobyl Exclusion Zone encompasses ---- 1,600 square miles and is guarded by armed military as the levels of radiation ---- the zone are dangerous.

- A) beneath / by
- B) over / within
- C) upon / during
- D) down / in
- E) under / for

12. Africa is the continent widely seen as most vulnerable to a changing climate ---- much of its population is poor, rural and often dependent on rain-fed agriculture.

- A) even though
- B) as if
- C) as
- D) only if
- E) but

13. Argentina is only one of several countries whose shaky finances leave them ---- being unable to repay their obligations.

- A) on the brink of
- B) on behalf of
- C) as opposed to
- D) with regard to
- E) in accordance with

14. There are situations in life ---- breaking a law may be life saving or will help humanity as a whole.

- A) in which
- B) so that
- C) although
- D) besides
- E) that is

15. ---- marijuana usage is about even across races, black residents account for 90% of simple drug arrests.

- A) Because
- B) Unless
- C) While
- D) As far as
- E) On the grounds that

16. A 3-D printer carefully puts down one layer upon another, according to a design, and in hours it creates a 3-D object, ---- it's a toy, cell phone case ---- a prosthetic hand.

- A) rather / than
- B) both / and
- C) more / than
- D) whether / or
- E) neither / nor

17. - 21. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

A key attribute of climate change policy is the large(17)---- between practical near-term steps and the scale of action (18)---- to address the challenge. How can we tell if current efforts (19)---- eliminating greenhouse gas emissions will prove sustainable over the long-term? The new proposed Environmental Protection Agency rules aimed at (20)---- emissions from existing coal plants represent one of the most significant federal actions on climate change to date. (21)---- successful, these rules will help the United States meet its goal of reducing greenhouse gas emissions by 17 percent below 2005 levels by 2020.

17.

- A) comparison B) gap
C) access D) constraint
E) prevention

18.

- A) have needed B) needed
C) needs D) to have needed
E) to need

19.

- A) without B) off
C) into D) towards
E) near

20.

- A) rising B) encouraging
C) reducing D) spurring
E) augmenting

21.

- A) Before B) As well as
C) Much as D) If
E) While

22. - 26. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Despite the amount of budget (22)---- to the education system, students and parents are facing increasing problems. There is no stability or standard practice in the system (23)---- frequent and untimely changes. Seven different education ministers (24)---- in the Cabinet over the past 15 years, and nearly 20 exams and placement exams have been tried (25)---- a fairer practice, (26)---- none has led to a working system.

22.

- A) enforced B) exposed
C) allocated D) convinced
E) objected

23.

- A) due to B) in case
C) in addition D) thus
E) whereby

24.

- A) were serving B) have served
C) should have served D) may serve
E) would serve

25.

- A) on B) at
C) above D) with
E) for

26.

- A) nor B) so
C) then D) yet
E) also

27. - 36. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

27. Achieving gender equality is obviously necessary for economic reasons, ----.

- A) so not a single country has yet closed the overall gender gap entirely
- B) where the government recently made military service compulsory for women
- C) though women's attainments and opportunities in the workplace are 60 percent those of men
- D) but even more important, gender equality is a matter of justice
- E) since the pace of change must in some areas be accelerated

28. Plastics and other synthetics began to appear in the 1920s and '30s, ----.

- A) but the primary goal of food packaging was to keep food safe to eat
- B) thus 175 chemicals used in food contact materials were also recognized by scientists as chemicals of concern
- C) what might be considered the modern age of food packaging
- D) since storing food in containers dates back to thousands of years ago
- E) shortly after chemical companies started experimenting with petroleum-based compounds

29. ----, neo-liberals compare it with the past, inspect what has made it better, and try to do more of what has worked in order to make the future better.

- A) In order to make an astronaut's life on Mars a good place
- B) No sooner do more people have access to healthcare and education than did in previous ages
- C) Even though fewer people live lives at or below subsistence
- D) Since by many measures, the present is as good as the past
- E) Instead of comparing the present with a hypothetical future of an imagined world

30. Virtually impossible to reach without private transport, ----.

- A) unfortunately it's obvious from the fractured state of some of the ceiling paintings
- B) it has a unique upper gallery, perhaps intended for women worshippers
- C) you will discover more glorious frescoes painted with a more restrained palate
- D) the Tagor Church is, not surprisingly, one of the least well-known marvels of Cappadocia
- E) they're easy to view from a platform reached by a spiral ladder that brings you up close enough to admire the details

31. ----, there are actually some disadvantages for most people to remaining completely anonymous online.

- A) Because there are other issues with the whole idea of anonymity hardware
- B) In case Wikipedia and YouTube block anonymous users from certain content
- C) Though it may be helpful for activists in repressive regimes
- D) Given that it cannot prevent your credit card information from being stolen on Amazon
- E) Unless websites themselves are being breached on an almost weekly basis

32. ---- and thus shrinks prison populations and eases the strain on prison budgets.

- A) Education at prisons in America costs far more expensive than ordinary public schools
- B) Dollars spent on correctional education programs at prisons do nothing to do with the course of individual development of the inmates
- C) It has been found that participation in education programs at prison doesn't reduce an inmate's risk of recidivism
- D) Providing education and vocational training to inmates is a cost effective way to reduce recidivism rates
- E) Keeping released inmates from returning to prison has always been a heavy burden for authorities in the field

33. Although the volcano Kilauea has been erupting for decades, ----.

- A) the people move to a rural area where the land is affordable partly because it is near an active volcano
- B) whether to go or stay in such an event is a question that must be answered beforehand
- C) new vents that allow lava to escape appear only occasionally
- D) the advancing lava is burning the nearby forest
- E) there isn't much to do except to wait, pray and hope in the land ruled by it

34. ---- which goes back almost 3,000 years.

- A) The 17th Winter Games, held in Norway in 1994, are part of an Olympic tradition
- B) The Olympics brought together men from war-torn tribes and states in Greece and its colonies
- C) The ancient Olympics were abolished by the Roman Emperor Theodosius in 393 AD
- D) Both skating and ice hockey were included in the Antwerp Games
- E) Since the Winter Games began, competitors from Scandinavia have won 55 out of 56 gold medals in the men's skiing events

35. Two thirds of people living in private rented homes could be trapped into renting forever ----.

- A) but they're facing a lifetime of moving from one unstable and expensive rental property to the next
- B) whereas the prospect of a stable home is becoming a distant dream for them
- C) unless the situation for them is getting worse
- D) as they are unable to put any money aside to buy a house
- E) now that over 100,000 households have already achieved their dream of homeownership through a Government-backed scheme

36. ----, about 50 percent of office workers had it on their hands.

- A) Whether or not you'll get sick after exposure depends on the virus itself
- B) Just four hours after the researchers introduced the virus
- C) Because 30 to 40 percent of asymptomatic children had respiratory viruses on them
- D) Since the researchers have recently performed their experiment in an office building with 80 employees
- E) If the office workers in the experiment had the virus before

37. - 42. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi, Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

37. Found by anthropologists on the Indonesian island of Flores, the creature was just over a meter tall, with a brain a third the size of our own, and was in many ways as primitive as our 3.2-million-year-old relative, Lucy.

- A) Antropologlar tarafından Endonezya'nın Flores adasında bulunan yaratık bizimkinin üçte biri boyutunda bir beyne sahip olup bir metrenin biraz üzerinde bir uzunlukta idi ve birçok açıdan bizim 3,2 milyon yaşındaki akrabamız Lucy kadar ilkel idi.
- B) Antropologların Endonezya'nın Flores adasında keşfettiği yaratığın boyu bir metrenin biraz üzerindeydi, beyni bizimkinin üçte biri boyutundaydı ve birçok açıdan bizim 3,2 milyon yaşındaki akrabamız Lucy kadar vahşiydi.
- C) Antropologlar Endonezya'nın Flores adasında boyu bir metrenin biraz üzerinde, beyni bizimkinin üçte biri oranında olan bir yaratık keşfettikten sonra onun bizim 3,2 milyon yaşındaki akrabamız Lucy kadar ilkel olduğunu anladılar.
- D) Endonezya'nın Flores adasında bulunan antropologlara göre yaratık bir metrenin biraz üzerinde bir boya ve bizimkinin üçte biri oranında bir beyne sahipti ama bizim 3,2 milyon önceki akrabamız Lucy kadar da ilkel idi.
- E) Endonezya'nın Flores adası antropologların bir metrenin biraz üzerinde boyu ile bizimkinin üçte biri oranındaki beyni olan bir yaratık keşfettikleri yerdir ve bu yaratık bizim 3,2 milyon yaşındaki yakın akrabamız Lucy ile birçok bakımdan benzerdir.

38. Economic progress and technological advances had already shrunk working hours considerably by 1930s, and there was no reason to believe this trend would not continue.

- A) 1930'lara gelindiğinde ekonomik ilerlemelerin ve teknolojik atılımların çalışma saatlerini hatırı sayılır oranda düşürmüş olması bu gidişatın değişeceğine inanmak için bir sebep bırakmamıştı.
- B) 1930'lar ekonomik ilerleme ve teknolojik gelişmeler aracılığıyla çalışma saatlerinde zaten ciddi anlamda bir düşüş görmüştü ancak bu gidişatın devam edeceğine çok ihtimal verilmiyordu.
- C) 1930'lara kadar çalışma saatleri ekonomik gelişim ve teknolojik ilerlemeler yardımıyla önemli derecede azalmıştı ve bu gidişatın devam etmemesi için neden yoktu.
- D) Ekonomik ilerleme ve teknolojik gelişmeler 1930'lara kadar çalışma saatlerini zaten önemli oranda düşürmüştü ve bu gidişatın devam etmeyeceğine inanmak için hiç bir neden yoktu.
- E) Ekonomik ilerleme ve teknolojik gelişmeler çalışma saatlerini 1930'lara kadar hatırı sayılır derecede etkiledi ve zaten bu yönde bir eğilim olmaması için hiçbir neden yoktu.

39. The question being asked these days is whether it is possible to calculate how many words we need to know if we want to communicate successfully.

- A) Bugünlerde sorulan soru, başarılı bir şekilde iletişim kurmak istiyorsak kaç tane kelime bilmemiz gerektiğini hesaplamamızın mümkün olup olmadığıdır.
- B) Bugünlerde asıl sorulması gereken soru etkili bir şekilde iletişim kurmak için kaç tane kelimeye ihtiyaç duyduğumuzun bilinip bilinmeyeceğidir.
- C) Başarılı bir şekilde iletişim kurmanın mümkün olması için kaç tane kelimenin gerekli olduğunu hesaplamak günümüzde yapılması gereken bir şeydir.
- D) Başarılı bir şekilde iletişim kurmak istiyorsak, o zaman sormamız gereken soru bilmemiz gereken kelime sayısının hesaplanmasının mümkün olup olmadığıdır.
- E) Günümüzde sorulan bir başka soru ise başarılı bir şekilde iletişim kurmak için gerekli kelime sayısının doğru bir şekilde hesaplanmasının mümkün olup olmadığıdır.

40. Günümüze kadar Amerika ve Avrupa Birliği Rusya'nın Ukrayna ve Kırım'daki hamlelerine temel olarak ekonomik yaptırımlarla, Ukrayna'ya maddi ve sınırlı askeri yardımla ve komşu NATO ülkelerine konvansiyonel askeri destekle cevap verdi.

- A) Up to now, the United States and European Union have been putting pressure on Russia, whose moves in Ukraine and Crimea are annoying, by giving support to neighbouring NATO countries and imposing economic sanctions on Ukraine.
- B) Nowadays, the United States and European Union are performing economic sanctions as a response to Russian moves in Ukraine and Crimea, but financial and limited military support is still not an option for the neighbouring NATO countries.
- C) Recently, the United States and European Union have responded to Russian actions in Ukraine and Crimea with economic sanctions, financial and restricted military aid to neighbouring NATO countries and conventional military support to Ukraine.
- D) Up till now, the United States and European Union have reacted to Ukraine's and Crimea's moves in Russia mainly with economic sanctions, financial and to some extent unlimited military cooperation with Russia and conventional military support to neighbouring NATO countries.
- E) The United States and European Union have so far responded to Russian moves in Ukraine and Crimea primarily with economic sanctions, financial and limited military assistance to Ukraine, and conventional military support to neighbouring NATO countries.

41. Hükümetler için asıl sıkıntı, iklimi koruyucu önlemleri artırırken daha ucuz ve daha güvenli enerji sağlayan bir stratejiyle farklılıkları ortadan kaldırmak olacaktır.

- A) The primary problem for the governments is that they need to eliminate differences with a strategy that focuses on cheaper and safer energy while tightening the measures to protect the climate.
- B) The fundamental difficulty for the governments will be to figure out a way to end differences while at the same time coming up with a strategy that offers cheaper and safer energy.
- C) Overcoming differences with a strategy providing cheaper and safer energy, and going forward with measures with a view to protecting the climate will be the real issues to be addressed by the governments.
- D) The main challenge for the governments will be to iron out differences on a strategy that ensures cheaper and safer energy while stepping up climate-protection measures.
- E) The foremost challenge for the governments will be to work out differences via a strategy which supplies cheaper and safer energy, and to protect climate with protective measures.

42. Görünürde zararsız hataların yiyecek ve içeceğinizin tazeliği ve güvenliğinde büyük bir fark yaratabileceği ortaya çıktı.

- A) Mistakes which are apparently harmless can change the freshness and safety of your food and drink.
- B) Obvious mistakes, no matter how harmless they are, could make a difference in the freshness and safety of your food and drink.
- C) It turned out that seemingly harmless mistakes can make a big difference in the freshness and safety of your food and drink.
- D) It was discovered that seemingly harmless mistakes could pose a threat to the freshness and safety of your food and drink.
- E) It seems that even minor mistakes may have a clear effect on the freshness and the safety of your food and drink.

43. - 46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

On August 6, 2012, NASA's *Curiosity*, a SUV-size rover, was lowered to the surface of Mars by wire cables. Before *Curiosity*, only one other space craft had successfully landed on Mars. That spacecraft, *Mars 3* from the Soviet Union, fell silent just after landing in 1971. Originally, *Curiosity* was supposed to launch in the fall of 2009 and cost \$1.6 billion. Technical problems delayed the launch and NASA had to wait 26 months — the next time Earth lined up with Mars in the right position for the landing. In the meantime, the cost of the mission rose to \$2.5 billion. Still, the mission was a huge achievement for NASA, which has seen criticism in recent years that the agency will never be what it once was.

Curiosity will spend the next two years studying the biology, chemistry, and geology of Mars. The rover's arm will take soil samples and analyze them onboard. Its chemical sniffers will examine the air on Mars for carbon compounds, which could provide signs of life. The rover also carries a long-distance laser to blast rocks up to seven miles away and the tools that will allow it to research the residue. *Curiosity* also has an X-ray spectrometer, which allows it to see what kinds of minerals are in the rocks as well as 17 cameras to take photos and send them back to Earth. Not bad for a project that costs less than seven dollars per U.S. citizen.

43. One learns from the passage that Curiosity ----.

- A) will stay on Mars and keep its mission running for an unforeseeable period of time
- B) is probably the biggest triumph of NASA in its bid to reveal the origin of life in the universe
- C) was originally launched into the space with the aim of taking pictures of Mars, but the mission objectives had to change
- D) has the night vision ability thanks to an X-ray spectrometer it carries
- E) can examine the debris from rocks, which are blown up, from a distance by means of the laser on board

44. It is pointed out in the passage that ----.

- A) one other still ongoing project, Mars 3 launched by the Soviet Union, preceded Curiosity in the exploration of Mars
- B) the delay of the Curiosity mission more than doubled the costs and further funds were needed to close the gap
- C) NASA had to put off the launch of Curiosity for more than two years due to technical difficulties
- D) Curiosity will carry out research on Mars for the next two years before moving on to the next planet
- E) NASA received widespread criticism for the delay of the mission, which tarnished its already damaged image

45. According to the passage, ----.

- A) Curiosity's failure to find life on Mars has led to a general disillusionment among the public
- B) there are critics suggesting that NASA has lost its former glory
- C) space science tells us that Earth and Mars are aligned every 26 months
- D) carbon compounds that are vital for life are not available on Mars, according to initial examinations
- E) the rover on Mars takes samples using its arms and sends them back to Earth for analysis

46. As far as the writer is concerned, ----.

- A) it is only natural that Mars 3 lost contact with Earth upon landing, because it was built by the Soviet Union
- B) NASA was on the verge of calling off the mission due to lack of funds
- C) no matter how successful the project has turned out to be, there is still criticism as to how it has been handled from the beginning
- D) the Curiosity rover was designed and built by taking a SUV as a model
- E) the scope and capabilities of the project on the whole are satisfying given the budget of the project

47. - 50. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The left hemisphere of the human brain controls language, arguably our greatest mental attribute. It also controls the remarkable dexterity of the human right hand. The right hemisphere is dominant in the control of, among other things, our sense of how objects interrelate in space. Forty years ago, the broad scientific consensus held that, in addition to language, right-handedness and the specialization of just one side of the brain for processing spatial relations occur in humans alone. Other animals, it was thought, have no hemispheric specializations of any kind. In the past few decades, however, studies of many other animals have shown that their two brain hemispheres have also distinctive roles.

47. It is understood from the passage that ----.

- A) the division of labor by the two cerebral hemispheres was once thought to be uniquely human
- B) four decades ago, it was commonly believed that nonhumans did not have two brain hemispheres
- C) it was not until 1970's that scientific world realized that the two brain hemispheres of humans had distinctive roles
- D) the specialization of the two brain hemispheres in humans has only recently been discovered
- E) the left hemisphere of some animals originally seems to focus on controlling their behavior

48. In the passage, it is argued that ----.

- A) the human right hand is controlled by the right hemisphere
- B) speech is thought to have developed from the right hemisphere
- C) two halves of the human brain have developed their specializations for speech
- D) language is the most important feature unique to the human mind
- E) there is every reason that the asymmetrical brain is specific to humans

49. It can be inferred from the passage that in the human brain ----.

- A) the left hemisphere is specialized in detecting and responding to unexpected stimuli
- B) organizing items spatially is a task carried out by the right hemisphere
- C) face recognition and the processing spatial relations are the tasks undertaken by the left half
- D) the task of controlling routine behavior is left to the right hemisphere
- E) there exists no hemispheric specialization unlike those of other animals

50. It can be concluded from the passage that contrary to the view once held by the scientific community, ----.

- A) a great many animals have developed exactly the same asymmetrical brain as humans
- B) the left hemisphere of the brain is more functional than the right
- C) each hemisphere in the human brain controls the vocal apparatus for speech
- D) both hemispheres are responsible for the skilful use of hands
- E) a large number of animals do have hemispheric specializations of some sort

51. - 54. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Volcanoes are the ultimate earth-moving machinery. A violent eruption can blow the top few kilometers off a mountain, scatter fine ash practically all over the globe and hurl rock fragments into the stratosphere to darken the skies a continent away. But the classic eruption— cone-shaped mountain, big bang, mushroom cloud and surges of molten lava — is only a tiny part of a global story. Vulcanism, the name given to volcanic processes, really has shaped the world. Eruptions have rifted continents, raised mountain chains, constructed islands and shaped the topography of the earth. The entire ocean floor has a basement of volcanic basalt. Volcanoes have not only made the continents, they are also thought to have made the world's first stable atmosphere and provided all the water for the oceans, rivers and ice-caps. There are now about 600 active volcanoes. Every year they add two or three cubic kilometers of rock to the continents. Imagine a similar number of volcanoes smoking away for the last 3,500 million years. That is enough to explain the continental crust. What comes out of volcanic craters is mostly gas. More than 90% of this gas is water vapor from the deep earth: enough to explain, over 3,500 million years, the water in the oceans. The rest of the gas is nitrogen, carbon dioxide, sulfur dioxide, methane, ammonia and hydrogen. The quantity of these gases, again multiplied over 3,500 million years, is enough to explain the mass of the world's atmosphere. We are alive because volcanoes provided the soil, air and water we need.

51. We understand from the passage that ----.

- A) 90% of the gas in the earth's atmosphere is water vapor
- B) the mass of the world's atmosphere is inversely proportional to that of the gas that comes out of volcanoes
- C) the overall number of dormant volcanoes on earth is 600
- D) 600 volcanoes have erupted for the past 3,500 million years
- E) volcanoes are the lifeblood of all of us on earth

52. We learn from the passage that ----.

- A) it is presumably through volcanoes that the earth had its first steady atmosphere
- B) the classic type of volcanic eruptions is a new phenomenon in some parts of the world
- C) volcanoes that may explode at any time continue to exist in the oceans
- D) vulcanism, the name given to volcanic processes, came into use in the Roman period
- E) the water that have so far spurted from the volcanoes accounts for the huge body of water in the oceans

53. It is explained in the passage that volcanic eruptions ----.

- A) occur wherever there are mountain chains
- B) formed the geographical shape of the earth
- C) are common in areas where continents meet
- D) were, in the past, not as common as they are now
- E) are more frequently seen on some islands

54. As can be inferred from the passage, volcanoes ----.

- A) are extinct in today's world, doing no harm to the nearby surroundings
- B) are relatively safe in places where there are no seismic activities
- C) have played a role of immense importance in making both the continents and the atmosphere
- D) are said to have been active for the last hundred years
- E) through which lava is forced out are the ones in the vicinity of oceans

55. - 58. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In contrast to bonds, shares are little slices of ownership in private firms. As owners, shareholders elect a board of directors and vote on company business. They are also entitled to the firm's profits — the income that remains after payments for wages, materials, and any interest on the company's debt. This is one way to see that shares generally carry more risk than bonds: bondholders have a higher legal claim, or seniority, on the cash flows of a business than do shareholders. If a firm's business declines, bondholders will be paid first, and shareholders last, if at all. But if business booms, shareholders will do better.

55. It can be inferred from the passage that ----.

- A) shareholders cannot exchange their shares in the stock market
- B) for firms, as for people, taking on debt can be risky
- C) from the savers' perspective, bonds appear safer than shares
- D) bondholders, unlike shareholders, receive no legal promise to be repaid in cash at a certain time
- E) the market price of a bond will vary over time in response to several factors

56. It is pointed out in the passage that shares----.

- A) are official documents through which a firm pays back the money it has borrowed
- B) are official papers given by a company to money lenders
- C) are the best form of investment made by members of the public
- D) give shareholders the right to ownership in private firms to a certain extent
- E) always compare favorably with bonds on the part of investors

57. As it is stated in the passage, bondholders----.

- A) bear the full brunt of a decline in business in comparison to shareholders
- B) are the ones who, as owners, have a say in the elections of directors in a company
- C) have the right to take part in the management of a firm
- D) are people who own some of the equal parts into which the ownership of a company is divided
- E) are in a better position than shareholders when it comes to a claim on the cash flows of a firm

58. One can conclude from the passage that----.

- A) holders of shares may not get any money whatsoever in case of a business decline
- B) when business is successful, bondholders get most money
- C) if business goes bankrupt, bondholders and shareholders equally suffer the consequences
- D) bondholders are entitled to the money that is left after interest payments are made
- E) if a company has debts, bondholders are the ones who suffer most

59. - 62. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Are organically grown foods the best food choices? The advantages claimed for such foods over conventionally grown and marketed food products are now being debated. Advocates of organic foods — a term whose meaning varies greatly — frequently proclaim that such products are safer and more nutritious than others. Although most of these claims are not supported by scientific evidence, the preponderance of written material advancing such claims makes it difficult for the general public to separate fact from fiction. As a result, claims that eating a diet consisting entirely of organically grown foods prevents or cures disease or provides other benefits to health have become widely publicized and form the basis for folklore. Almost daily the public is besieged by claims for 'no-aging' diets, new vitamins, and other wonder foods. There are numerous unsubstantiated reports that natural vitamins are superior to synthetic ones, that untreated grains are better than fumigated grains and the like. One thing that most organically grown food products seem to have in common is that they cost more than conventionally grown foods. But in many cases consumers are misled if they believe organic foods can maintain health and provide better nutritional quality than conventionally grown foods. So there is real cause for concern if consumers, particularly those with limited incomes, distrust the regular food and buy only expensive food instead.

59. According to the passage, ----.

- A) the amount of healthy food grown in North America is in decline
- B) the term 'organic foods' has no fixed meaning
- C) there is a growing interest in food safety and nutritional quality of the North American diet
- D) organically grown foods are apparently the best food choices
- E) most nutritionists recommend traditionally grown foods

60. The author implies that there is cause for concern if consumers with limited incomes buy organic foods instead of conventionally grown foods because ----.

- A) organic foods can be more expensive but are often no better than conventionally grown foods
- B) many organic foods are actually less nutritious than similar conventionally grown foods
- C) conventionally grown foods are not more readily available than organic foods
- D) too many farmers will stop using conventional methods to grow food crops
- E) organic foods are shown in a study to be detrimental to health

61. The author's attitude toward the claims made by advocates of organic foods is ----.

- A) very enthusiastic
- B) somewhat favorable
- C) neutral
- D) skeptical
- E) highly positive

62. Which of the following is the most suitable title for the passage?

- A) Wonder foods
- B) Healthy food debate
- C) Expensive organic foods
- D) Limited incomes and regular foods
- E) Advantages of organic foods over conventionally grown foods

63. - 67. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

63. Rachel:
– **What kind of help do you think rich countries should contribute to the Third World?**
- Sam:
– **Well, firstly they must determine what those poverty-stricken parts of the world most urgently need.**
- Rachel:
– ----
- Sam:
– **Yes, but besides its pluses, there may also be some minus sides of it. Great quantities of free food may kill off local agriculture.**
- A) Well, firstly we need to take an interest in developing countries instead of just competing with rich countries.
B) There are some agencies that recruit volunteers to work on projects in rural communities.
C) In fact, the most immediate thing needed there is food. A food aid would prove really helpful.
D) We should persuade the countries to take measures rather than spending all their budgets on armaments.
E) We really need to give Third World countries the means to solve their own problems.
64. Russel:
– ----
- Adrian:
– **I don't think I do. Can you explain it to me?**
- Russel:
– **Sure. Conventional beliefs are the ones which most people share, whereas alternative beliefs are usually held by minorities.**
- Adrian:
– **That makes sense. Thank you.**
- A) Do you want to learn about the two types of beliefs?
B) Most people believe that conventional beliefs are different from alternative beliefs, but they are basically the same thing.
C) Do you know the difference between conventional beliefs and alternative beliefs?
D) You look like the kind of person who can tell me something I want to learn.
E) Do you think conventional beliefs are any different from alternative beliefs?

65. Walter:
– **You were out looking for a new apartment last week. How did it go?**
- Jessie:
– **I found one in an apartment complex. It has two bedrooms and one bath and about 800 square feet.**
- Walter:
– ----
- Jessie:
– **Not really. Thanks to strict regulations in there, nobody is allowed to disturb the residents.**
- A) So, did you rent it? It sounds like a great bargain.
B) Good. How about the complex in general? Is it a noisy place?
C) What about the parking space? Do you have a parking lot of your own?
D) Well, \$800 a month sounds like a decent price to pay for rent given that you will only pay \$400 a month as you have a roommate.
E) I know that place. I don't want to discourage you or anything, but most people do not live there for long.
66. Ashley:
– **Do you think everybody should be trained to use computers?**
- Joe:
– **That's an interesting question, because in a sense most of us are already using them.**
- Ashley:
– **What do you mean?**
- Joe:
– ----
- A) Well, computers are everywhere. For example, whenever we program our washing machines, we are actually using a computer circuitry.
B) Well, the 1990s will be remembered for much more massive computers at unaffordable prices.
C) Shopping by computer needn't be any more difficult than operating a cassette player.
D) Keyboards will be portable and you'll have the option of voice control.
E) Actually I'm talking about desktop PCs, not laptops.

67. Kenny:

- You know humans do not pollute only the air, the sea or the land. There is a great deal of spacejunk in orbit around the earth.

Adam:

- I know. It is outrageous. There are many kinds of litter from space exploration, including spanners, nuts, bolts, gloves and shards of space craft.

Kenny:

- It makes me wonder if there is anything that can be done to solve this problem.

Adam:

- ----

- A) Unfortunately, the method you're suggesting has been tried before, but with no luck.
- B) Still, the majority of the debris in space is believed to consist of small particles but some objects are larger, including spent rocket stages, defunct satellites and collision fragments.
- C) Isn't it weird that as many as ten million pieces of human-made debris are estimated to be circulating in space at any one time?
- D) I heard that scientists are using a well-studied solution which utilizes a remotely controlled vehicle to capture the debris, and return to a central station.
- E) I don't agree. There should be something that we can at least try in order to get the problem fixed.

68. - 71. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

68. The modern atmosphere is probably the fourth atmosphere in the history of the Earth.

- A) Overall, the Earth has had four different atmospheres in its history, the last of which possibly has the quality to support life.
- B) It seems probable that the Earth's fourth atmosphere, which succeeds three previous atmospheres, has taken millennia to form.
- C) There is a strong possibility that in the Earth's history, the atmospheres that came before the existing fourth atmosphere sustained and maintained life for millennia.
- D) In all likelihood, the Earth's current atmosphere is preceded in its history by three earlier atmospheres.
- E) It may well be that the preceding three atmospheres in Earth's history were unsuited to sustenance of life.

69. There are some craters on the Moon that never see the light of day, but that doesn't stop the Lunar Orbiter from shedding new light on the darkest mysteries on the lunar surface.

- A) Collecting data about the darkest mysteries on the lunar surface is now more difficult than ever in spite of the presence of some craters that hardly see the daylight.
- B) The perpetually shadowed craters on the Moon don't let the Lunar Orbiter shed light on the things unknown to general public.
- C) The Lunar Orbiter continues to provide new information about the most unknown parts of the lunar surface though certain craters on the Moon don't receive any sunlight.
- D) Even though the Lunar Orbiter is carrying out its task successfully and throws light on the darkest secrets on the lunar surface, there in fact exist no craters on the Moon which see the daylight.
- E) The light of day doesn't reach some craters on the Moon, which makes it an arduous task for the Lunar Orbiter to send new data on the darkest sides of the lunar surface.

70. Although fossilized bones may look like stone, minerals from sedimentary material fill the holes and pores.

- A) Some stones are actually fossilized bones that have holes and pores filled with mineral deposits from sedimentary material.
- B) Fossils of bones could have the appearance of stone, but the holes and pores are actually infused with mineral deposits from sediments.
- C) Mineral deposits from the surrounding sediments accumulate in the holes of fossilized bones with the appearance of stone.
- D) Even though fossilized bones are as hard as stone, they have holes and pores that are filled with some sediments, minerals and a great deal of some other material.
- E) After minerals from sedimentary material fill the holes and pores of fossilized bones, they gain the strength of stone.

71. The factory system spread across a large number of enterprises in addition to cotton manufacturing as a result of the introduction of steam engines.

- A) The invention of the steam engine caused a number of cotton manufacturers to overhaul their production methods.
- B) Cotton manufacturers with the arrival of steam engines were forced to discard their manufacturing methods and to take up the factory system.
- C) A great many enterprises besides cotton business had to adapt themselves to the new production environment with the arrival of the steam engine.
- D) With the advent of the steam engine, the factory system extended itself to many areas of production apart from the cotton industry.
- E) Alongside cotton manufacturing, quite a few businesses benefited from the invention of the steam engine.

72. - 75. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

72. ---- Past studies suggest that their motivation is not just vanity. In contrast, some tanning enthusiasts have symptoms of dependence and withdrawal. Now a new study adds more evidence that tanning is addictive. It showed that mice become dependent on beta-endorphin, a drug-like opioid molecule made by the skin under ultraviolet light. Humans and mice share these chemical processes, so the researchers believe beta-endorphin may cause addiction in people.

- A) A "farmer's tan" refers to the typical tan lines developed by a working farmer regularly exposed to the sun.
- B) UV light may trigger the same reward pathway in the brain as drugs such as heroin.
- C) Getting sun may be rewarding to the brain because we need vitamin D.
- D) Experts have long wondered why many people tan regularly despite the known risk of skin cancer.
- E) Ultraviolet A (UV-A) is present more uniformly throughout the day, and throughout the year, than UV-B and it is not blocked by the ozone layer.

73. Advances in the technology of integrated circuits have spurred the development of smaller and more powerful general-purpose digital computers. Not only has this reduced the size of computers, but it has also made possible powerful, single-user personal computers. Because of their relatively low cost and versatility, they have replaced typewriters in the workplace and rendered the analog computer inefficient. The reduced size of computer components has also led to the development of thin, lightweight notebook computers and even smaller computer tablets and smartphones. ----

- A) In addition, an analog computer represents data as physical quantities and operates on the data by manipulating the quantities.
- B) These small digital gadgets have much more computing and storage capacity than that of the desktop computers available in the 1990s.
- C) The numbers operated on by a digital computer are therefore expressed in the binary system.
- D) But, programs and data that are not currently being used in main storage can be saved on auxiliary or secondary storage.
- E) Flash memory devices, a still more recent development, are an outgrowth of electrically erasable, programmable and read-only memory.

74. Illiteracy is an important factor that contributes to overpopulation. Therefore, those lacking education fail to understand the need to curb population growth. Modern methods of birth control and family planning don't reach those ignorant sections of society. ---- However, the educated class can make more responsible decisions about marriage and childbirth. Thus, education is an effective tool to curb overpopulation.

- A) Furthermore, due to lack of awareness, they show resistance to adopting such methods.
- B) The literate are quickly able to understand what impact overpopulation can have.
- C) Thus education is an effective tool to curb overpopulation.
- D) Marrying at a certain age or having a certain number of children is considered to be ideal.
- E) This indirectly forces couples to produce children till a child of the preferred gender is conceived.

75. ---- Mehmed II expanded and consolidated Ottoman rule in this region. His conquest of Constantinople in 1453 finally extinguished the Byzantine Empire. In the Balkans, he annexed Serbia between 1455 and 1458, Bosnia in 1463, and, in 1466, defeated George Kastriote (Scanderbeg) in central Albania. In 1460 he removed the last two Byzantine rulers of the Peloponnese, and in 1461 conquered Trebizond, the last independent Greek city.

- A) The Ottoman Empire emerged circa 1300 with the establishment by the first Ottoman ruler, Osman.
- B) In the thirteenth century, as the power of the Seljuk Turks declined, the Ottoman Turks began to absorb their small states.
- C) During the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, the Ottoman Empire was at its peak.
- D) By 1450, the Ottoman Empire was a regional power, comprising western and northern Anatolia and much of the Balkan Peninsula.
- E) The empire had a wide base of natural resources; and much of its expansion can be understood as an effort to seize and control areas rich in various resources.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) In recent years, increasing numbers of people of all ages have been heeding their health professionals' advice to get active for all of the health benefits exercise has to offer. (II) Although virtually any part of your body can be injured during sports or exercise, the term is typically reserved for injuries that involve the musculoskeletal system. (III) But for some people – particularly those who overdo or who don't properly train or warm up – these benefits can come at a price: sports injuries. (IV) Fortunately, most sports injuries can be treated effectively, and most people who suffer injuries can return to a satisfying level of physical activity after an injury. (V) Even better, many sports injuries can be prevented if people take the proper precautions.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) The world of human activity is not characterized by neatness and perfection. (II) It is not represented by simple, pure principles in action, either. (III) People act rationally sometimes, and not at others. (IV) On the contrary, it is messy, and it changes from moment to moment. (V) In the real world there is no perfect competition and no perfect information.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Saudi Arabia is the only country in the world where women are not allowed to drive, but that could be about to change. (II) The advisory council to the King of the country has recommended the country's government to lift the long-standing ban on women drivers despite decades of cracking down on protests. (III) But, even if the council's recommendations are taken up by the autocratic king, the ban will still remain in place for women under 30. (IV) The recommendation marks a surprising shift in attitudes towards women. (V) Moreover, for those old enough to get behind the wheel there would still be constraints.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Personal-genomics might allow us to "design" babies with whatever physical and intellectual attributes we deem desirable. (II) Technology may one day offer us the opportunity to live healthily well beyond 100 years, enhance our intellectual and physical abilities and control our emotions. (III) It may also enable us to become producers of our own products, track what we think and guide our decision-making. (IV) The reaction of many to such possibilities is often "what a perfect world we might soon have". (V) However, some wonder whether a "perfect" world is the world human beings actually aspire to.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) According to the Mayor of London, "London's population is expected to grow by around one million over the next twenty years, and the number of households by nearly 700,000." (II) This translates to a net housing requirement of at least 32,600 homes every year for the next 20-25 years. (III) Politically it manifests itself most obviously in housing. (IV) Yet the development of new homes over the past decade has not even approached that figure. (V) The average net growth is just around 22,145 new dwellings per year.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

TEST BİTTİ.
CEVAPLARINIZI KONTROL EDİNİZ.